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**Title: Manipulable Puzzle Cube**  
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**Field of the invention**

[0001] This invention relates to three-dimensional puzzles, and in particular, to manipulable puzzle cubes containing rotatable elements.

**Background of the invention**

5 [0002] The classic Rubik's Cube (trademark) is a 3x3x3 manipulable puzzle cube consisting of 26 cubic elements connected together by a centrally positioned, interior connecting mechanism. Groups of nine cubic elements form plates which are rotatable about the spatial axes of the cube. Each of the cubic elements has one, two or three exposed faces, and there are nine  
10 exposed faces for each of the six sides of the cube, for a total of 54 exposed faces. When the Rubik's Cube is in its starting, undisturbed condition, all of the faces on a given side are the same colour, and each side of the cube is a different colour. The object of the game is to disturb the original pattern, and then sequentially rotate the plates so as to restore each of the six sides of the  
15 Rubik's Cube to its original colour.

[0003] The Rubik's Cube has been a popular manipulable puzzle cube, over the past 25 years. However, the Rubik's Cube is difficult to solve, and there is a need for manipulable puzzle cubes which present various levels of difficulty.

20 [0004] In addition, the pattern of the classic Rubik's Cube is relatively plain, and users like variety. Thus there is a need for manipulable puzzle cubes having distinctive decorative patterns, which are more appealing to users.

[0005] Furthermore, in the case of the classic Rubik's Cube, plastic  
25 plates or stickers of different colours are typically applied to the faces of various cubic elements, to make each of the sides of the cube a different colour. However, these plates or stickers have a tendency to become dislodged with hard use over time. It is also relatively expensive to apply different coloured stickers or plates to the faces of each cubic element. There

is accordingly a need for an improved manipulable puzzle cube which is less expensive to produce and which is more durable.

**Summary of the invention**

**[0006]** The subject invention is directed to a manipulable puzzle cube comprising a plurality of cubic elements connected to a centrally positioned interior connecting element, the cubic elements of each surface of the cube forming a plate of cubic elements, the plate being rotatable about a spatial axis of the cube, each of the cubic elements having one or more exposed faces. All of the exposed faces of a given cubic element are the same colour, and the colour is selected from a group of colours comprising at least two colours. The colour of each cubic element is selected so that the cubic elements form a decorative pattern on each surface of the cube, when the cube is in an undisturbed state. The colours are preferably contrasting colours, and the decorative pattern may be the same on each surface of the cube.

**[0007]** The cube of the subject invention is preferably a 3x3x3 cube comprising 26 cubic elements connected to the interior connecting element, with each surface of the cube comprising a 3x3x3 array of cubic elements, the array having three rows of cubic elements, three columns of cubic elements, and two diagonals of cubic elements.

**[0008]** The decorative pattern may comprise a "Y" pattern, wherein one corner element, the mid-face element and two of the mid-edge elements not adjacent to the corner element are of a first colour, and the remaining cubic elements of the surface are of a second, contrasting colour. This decorative pattern may be a no "tic-tac-toe" pattern wherein the cubic elements making up each of the rows, the columns, and the diagonals of the array are not the same colour.

**[0009]** Alternatively, the decorative pattern may resemble the appearance of a cake, in which the cubic elements making up the top plate are of a first colour, and the cubic elements making up the bottom two plates are of a second colour, or the decorative pattern may be a three-colour

pattern, in which the cubic elements making up each of the three plates are different colours.

[0010] In another embodiment, the decorative pattern is a nine-colour pattern, wherein each of the cubic elements forming a given surface of the cube is a different colour.

**Brief description of the drawings**

[0011] The invention will now be described, by way of example only, with reference to the following drawings, in which:

[0012] Figure 1 is a perspective view of a manipulable puzzle cube made in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the invention;

[0013] Figure 2 is a schematic view of the decorative pattern of the preferred embodiment of the subject invention;

[0014] Figure 3 is a perspective view of the manipulable puzzle cube of the present invention, with the top plate of the cubic elements shown rotated about a spatial axis of the cube;

[0015] Figure 4 is a top view of the cube with the top plate removed, revealing the internal connecting element;

[0016] Figure 5 is a perspective view of a mid-face cubic element;

[0017] Figure 6 is a perspective view of a corner cubic element;

[0018] Figure 7 is a perspective view of a mid-edge cubic element;

[0019] Figure 8 is a perspective view of a manipulable puzzle cube made in accordance with a second embodiment of the invention;

[0020] Figure 9 is a schematic view of the decorative pattern of the second embodiment of the invention;

[0021] Figure 10 is a perspective view of a manipulable puzzle cube made in accordance with a third embodiment of the invention;

[0022] Figure 11 is a schematic view of the decorative pattern of the third embodiment of the invention;

**[0023]** Figure 12 is a top perspective view of a manipulable puzzle cube made in accordance with a fourth embodiment of the invention; and

**[0024]** Figure 13 is a bottom perspective view of the fourth embodiment of the invention.

5 **Detailed description of the invention**

**[0025]** Referring to Figures 1, 3 and 4, illustrated therein is a manipulable puzzle cube 10 made in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the invention. Puzzle cube 10 is in the form of a 3x3x3 cube comprising 26 cubic elements 21, 22, 23 connected to an interior connecting  
10 element 24 (see Figure 4).

**[0026]** The mechanics of puzzle cube 10 are preferably the same as those of a classic 3x3x3 Rubik's Cube. The mechanics of the Rubik's Cube were originally disclosed in Erno Rubik's Hungarian Patent No. 1,700,062, and these mechanics are now well known to those skilled in the art of puzzle  
15 cube mechanisms.

**[0027]** As in the case of a classic Rubik's Cube, the 3 x 3 arrays of cubic elements making up each face of puzzle cube 10 form plates of cubic elements which can be rotated about the X, Y and Z spatial axes of the cube. As shown in Figure 3, top plate 40 is rotated by 45° about the Y axis of the  
20 cube.

**[0028]** Referring now to Figures 1, 4, 5, 6 and 7, as in the case of a classic Rubik's Cube, the cubic elements of puzzle cube 10 take three distinct forms, namely mid-face cubic elements 21, corner cubic elements 22, and mid-face cubic elements 23. Puzzle cube 10 comprises six mid-face cubic  
25 elements 21, eight corner cubic elements 22, and 12 mid-edge cubic elements 23. Mid-face cubic elements 21 have one exposed face 51a, corner cubic elements 22 have three exposed faces 52a, 52b, and 52c, and mid-edge cubic elements 23 have two exposed faces 53a, 53b.

**[0029]** Mid-face cubic element 21 includes a connector 41 which is  
30 rigidly connected to a sleeve portion 44 of interior connecting element 24.

Mid-face elements 21 do not change position, but merely rotate about a spatial axis, when the plates of cubic elements are rotated by a user. Corner cubic elements 22 and mid-edge cubic elements 23 have connectors 42, 43 respectively, which slidably interconnect with interior element 24, allowing  
5 cubic elements 22 and 23 to change positions as the plates of elements are rotated by the user.

**[0030]** Unlike the classic Rubik's Cube, in the case of the subject invention, all of the exposed faces of a given cubic element of puzzle cube 10 are the same colour, wherein the colour is selected from a group comprising  
10 at least two contrasting colours. Thus, as shown in Figure 3, face 51a of mid-face cubic element 21 is of a first colour, faces 52a, 52b and 52c of corner cubic element 22 are of a second contrasting colour, and faces 53a and 53b of mid-face cubic element 23 are of the first colour.

**[0031]** All portions of the cubic elements of puzzle cube 10 are  
15 preferably the same colour, and the cubic elements are preferably made from coloured plastic. The cubic elements of puzzle cube 10 are preferably made of injection-molded plastic. This construction obviates the need to apply stickers or plates to different faces of a given cubic element.

**[0032]** The colour of each cubic element is selected to give each  
20 surface of puzzle cube 10 a distinctive decorative pattern which is appealing to the user's eye, when puzzle cube 10 is in its initial, undisturbed state. In the preferred embodiment shown in Figures 1, 2 and 3, the decorative pattern is the same on each surface of the cube. As shown, the decorative pattern is a "Y" pattern, utilizing two contrasting colours, such as red and white, in which  
25 one corner element, the mid-face element and two of the mid-edge elements not adjacent to the corner element are of a first contrasting colour, and the remaining cubic elements of the surface are of a second contrasting colour.

**[0033]** Referring now to Figure 2, the cubic elements making up the top  
30 surface 32, left-front surface 33, the right-front surface 34, the right-back surface 35, and the left-back surface 36, and the bottom surface 37 of puzzle cube 10 all have the same decorative "Y" pattern. In the case of the top

surface 32 of puzzle cube 10, mid-face element 21 is red, corner elements 22, 22a and 22b are white, corner element 22c is red, mid-face elements 23 and 23a are red, and mid-face elements 23b and 23c are white. This selection of colours produces a decorative pattern which is not only visually attractive, but  
5 which also represents a “no tic-tac-toe” pattern, in which there are no three elements of the same colour in a single row, column or diagonal.

**[0034]** Puzzle cube 10 is preferably packaged and sold with its cubic elements in their original, undisturbed positions, with the “Y” pattern displayed on all sides. In use, the plates of the puzzle cube 10 would be rotated by the  
10 user so as to disturb the “Y” pattern, and user would subsequently attempt to re-arrange the cubic elements by sequentially rotating various plates of elements, so as to restore the original “Y” pattern on all sides of the cube.

**[0035]** Puzzle cube 10 has a number of advantages over the classic Rubik’s Cube. Puzzle cube 10 is more appealing to the eye, and easier for  
15 users to solve. The construction of puzzle cube 10 allows each of the cubic elements to be made of injection-molded plastic of a selected colour, and there is no need to apply stickers or plates to different faces of a given cubic element.

**[0036]** While puzzle cube 10 has a two colour “Y” pattern, it should be  
20 understood that puzzle cubes made in accordance with the subject invention may have different decorative patterns, as long as all of the exposed faces of a given cubic element are the same colour. Furthermore, while puzzle cube 10 has a pattern which utilizes only two colours, more than two colours could be utilized.

25 **[0037]** For example, illustrated in Figures 8-13 are puzzle cubes 60, 70, 80 made in accordance with the subject invention, having a variety of decorative patterns different from that of puzzle cube 10.

**[0038]** Referring to Figures 8 and 9, shown therein is puzzle cube 60 made in accordance with a second embodiment of the invention, having a  
30 decorative pattern 67 entitled “The Cake-Walk”, consisting of a top layer of

"icing" on a "chocolate brown" cake. All of the exposed faces of cubic elements 61 forming top plate 62 are white and all of the exposed faces of cubic elements 63 forming middle plate 64 and bottom plate 65 are brown.

**[0039]** Referring now to Figures 10 and 11, illustrated therein is puzzle cube 70 made in accordance with a third embodiment of the invention, having a three-colour pattern 77 entitled "The Triclone". Cubic elements 71 making up top plate 72 are red, cubic elements 73 making up middle plate 74 are white, and cubic elements 75 making up bottom plate 76 are blue.

**[0040]** Referring now to Figures 12 and 13, illustrated therein is puzzle cube 80 made in accordance with a fourth embodiment of the invention having nine-colour pattern, in which each of the cubic elements forming a given surface of cube 80 is a different colour, resulting in a total of nine different colours per surface. Figure 12 is a top perspective view which shows the top surface 91, left front surface 92, and right front surface 93 of cube 80, and Figure 13 is a bottom perspective which shows the bottom surface 94, left rear surface 95 and right rear surface 96.

**[0041]** Like puzzle cube 10, all of the exposed faces of a given cubic element of puzzle cube 80 are the same colour. Thus faces 84a, 84b and 84c of corner element 84 are of a first colour, faces 87a and 87b of mid-edge element 87 are of a second colour, and faces 83a, 83b and 83c of corner element 83 are of a third colour, and so on.

**[0042]** The arrangement of the nine colours is not exactly the same on each of the six surfaces of cube 80, but each surface contains the same nine different colours. Puzzle cube 80 has four pairs of same colour diagonally opposed corner elements, and the colour of each pair is different from that of other pairs. Thus corner elements 81 may be white, corner elements 82 may be red, corner elements 83 may be brown, and corner elements 84 (only one is shown in Figure 12) may be black. Puzzle cube 80 has four triples of same colour mid-edge elements, and the colour of each triple is different. Thus mid-edge elements 85 may be yellow, mid-edge elements 86 may be green, mid-edge elements 87 may be orange, and mid-edge elements 88 may be purple.



The mid-edge elements of a given triple are equal-distantly spaced from each other. Puzzle cube 80 also has six same colour mid-face elements 89, which may be blue.

**[0043]** While the subject invention is described and illustrated with  
5 respect to certain preferred and alternative embodiments, it should be  
understood that various modifications can be made to those embodiments  
without departing from the subject invention, the scope of which is defined in  
the following claims.